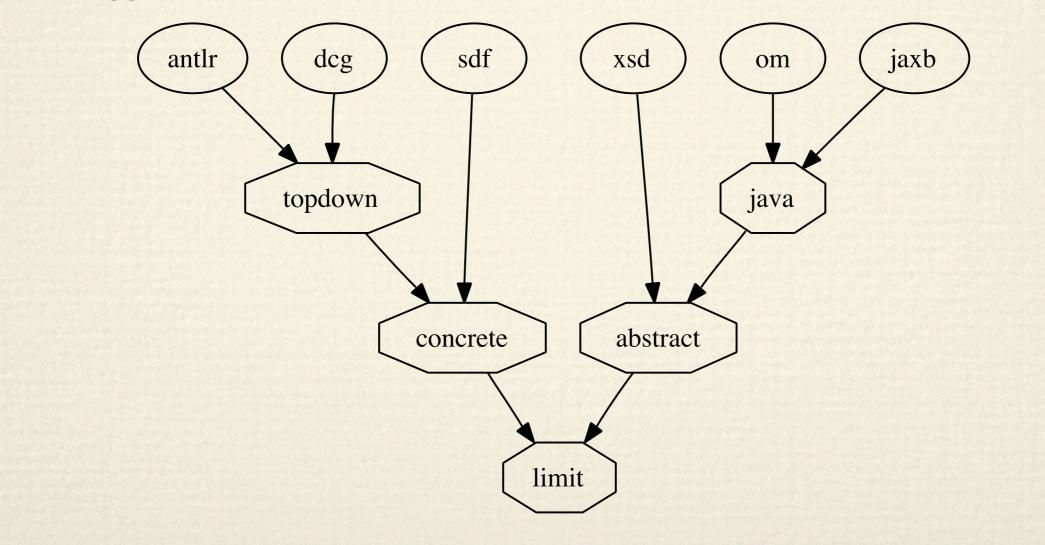
Grammar Convergence

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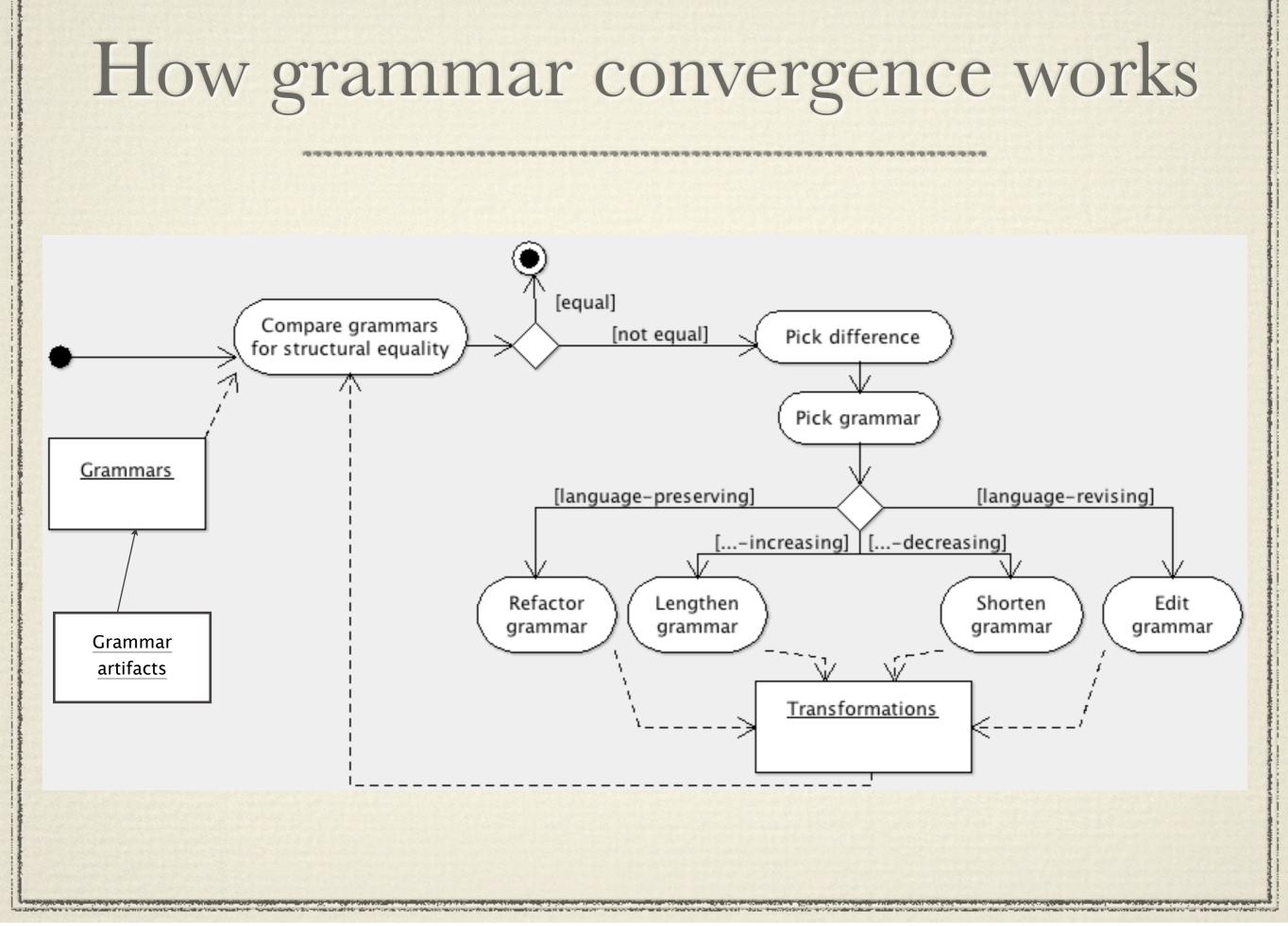
What is grammar convergence?

Think of scattered grammar knowledge (say, in language documentation, parsers, object models, etc.) how to establish relationships between the grammars, how to verify that these relationships are preserved?



What is grammar convergence?

Grammar *format* to abstract from idiosyncrasies
Grammar *extraction* to feed into the format
Grammar *comparison* for spotting grammar deviations
Grammar *transformation*:
Refactoring
Extension / restriction
Revision



13 февраля 2009 г.

BGF: BNF-like Grammar Format

★ BNF: symbols, composition ★ EBNF: *, +, ? \star Production labels \star Expression selectors \star Universal type ★ Namespaces

Grammar extract: ANTLR

g(| , | p(||, program, +n(function)),p([], function, (n('ID'), +n('ID'), t(=), n(expr), +n('NEWLINE'))),p([], expr, (n(binary); n(apply); n(ifThenElse))),p([], binary, (n(atom), *((n(ops), n(atom))))),p([], apply, (n('ID'), +n(atom))),p([], ifThenElse, (t(if), n(expr), t(then), n(expr), t(else), n(expr))), p([], atom, (n('ID');n('INT');t('('), n(expr), t(')'))),p(||, ops, (t(==);t(+);t(-)))

Grammar extract: XSD

g(['Program', 'Fragment'], [p([], 'Program', +s(function, n('Function'))),p([], 'Fragment', n('Expr')),p([], 'Function', (s(name, v(string)), +s(arg, v(string)), s(rhs, n('Expr')))), p([], 'Expr', (n('Literal');n('Argument');n('Binary');n('IfThenElse');n('Apply'))), p([], 'Literal', s(info, v(int))),p([], 'Argument', s(name, v(string))), p([], 'Binary', (s(ops, n('Ops')), s(left, n('Expr')), s(right, n('Expr')))), p([], 'Ops', (s('Equal', true);s('Plus', true);s('Minus', true))), p([], 'IfThenElse', (s(ifExpr, n('Expr')), s(thenExpr, n('Expr')), s(elseExpr, n('Expr')))), p([], 'Apply', (s(name, v(string)), +s(arg, n('Expr'))))

Grammar extraction

★ Get out of a source format ✦ Can be ANTLR, SDF, Java, XSD, HTML ★ Abstract from idiosyncrasies ♦ XML-isms, semantic actions, etc \star Extraction is a generic, partial operation.

An extractor for SDF

context-free syntax Function+ Name Name+ "=" Expr Newline+ Expr Ops Expr Name Expr+ "if" Expr "then" Expr "else" Expr "(" Expr ")" Name Int

"_" "+"

- -> Program
- -> Function
- -> Expr {left,prefer,cons(binary)}
- -> Expr {avoid,cons(apply)}
- -> Expr {cons(ifThenElse)}
- -> Expr {bracket}
- -> Expr {cons(argument)}
- -> Expr {cons(literal)}

-> Ops {cons(minus)}

- -> Ops {cons(plus)}
- -> Ops {cons(equal)}

An extractor for SDF

 \therefore SDF basics: ☆ SDF=Syntax Def. Formalism ☆ SDF has S-G-LR as semantics. ☆ Computations over SDF: ☆ ASF ☆ Stratego $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}$ **Extractor** option: ☆ Use SDF of SDF. ☆ Use ASF over it. ☆ Construct BGF via XML.

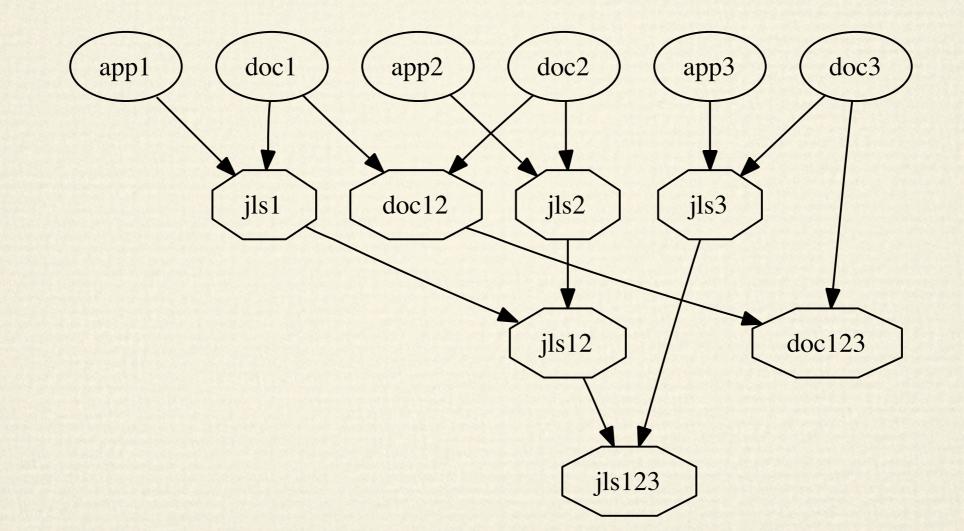
[transform-empty-definition-of-nonterminal] trafoSymbols() = <bgf:expression> <epsilon/> </bgf:expression>

```
[transform-definition-that-is-not-a-sequence]
trafoSymbols(&S1) = trafoSymbol(&S1)
```

Available extractors

√ ANTLR ✓ SDF **√**DCG ✓ Java object models ✓ XML Schemas ✓ Language specifications V ...

Applying grammar convergence to the Java Language Specification



Ralf Lämmel and Vadim Zaytsev, Consistency of the Java Language Specification, submitted draft, <u>http://www.uni-koblenz.de/~laemmel/jls/</u>

Basic properties of the JLS sources

Grammar class Iteration style

app1	LALR(1)	left-recursive
doc1	none	left-recursive
app2	unclear	EBNF
doc2	none	left-recursive
app3	"nearly" LL(k)	EBNF
doc3	none	left-recursive

Productions Nonterminals Tops Bottoms

			-	
app1	282	135	1	7
doc1	315	148	1	9
app2	185	80	6	11
doc2	346	151	1	11
app3	245	114	2	12
doc3	435	197	3	14

Grammar extraction for JLS

★ Use HTML representation (instead of PDF)
★ Many markup/well-formedness problems
★ Some syntax errors
★ Many obvious semantic errors

JLS irregularities in extraction

	app1	app2	app3	doc1	doc2	doc3	Total
Arbitrary lexical decisions	2	109	60	1	90	161	423
Well-formedness violations	5	0	7	4	11	4	31
Indentation violations	1	2	7	1	4	8	23
Recovery rules	3	12	18	2	59	47	141
 Match parentheses 	0	3	6	0	0	0	9
 Metasymbol to terminal 	0	1	7	0	27	7	42
 Merge adjacent symbols 	1	0	0	1	1	0	3
 Split compound symbol 	0	1	1	0	3	8	13
 Nonterminal to terminal 	0	7	3	0	8	11	29
• Terminal to nonterminal	1	0	1	1	17	13	33
 Recover optionality 	1	0	0	0	3	8	12
Purge duplicate definitions	0	0	0	16	17	18	51
Total	11	123	92	24	181	238	669

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Consolidation of basic metrics

	Productions	Nonterminals	Tops	Bottoms
app1	282	135	1	7
doc1	315	148	1	9
app2	185	80	6	11
doc2	346	151	1	11
аррЗ	245	114	2	12
doc3	435	197	3	14

	Productions	Nonterminals	Tops	Bottoms
jls1	278	132	1	7
jls2	182	75	1	7
jls3	236	109	1	7
jls12	182	75	1	7
jls123	236	109	1	7
doc12	347	152	1	7
doc123	440	201	1	7

read as int

Grammar comparison

★ Compare grammars structurally.
★ Apply simple algebraic laws on grammars.
★ Provide suggestive input for transformation.

Grammar transformation

★ Performing post-extraction activities **★** Refactoring for structural equivalence ★ Extension to cover missing language construct ★ Restriction to abstract away "irrelevant" constructs ★ Relaxation to abstract away "irrelevant" precision **★** Replacement to fix accidental deviations **★** Capture and document language differences

A fragment of concrete syntax. What if we want to derive the abstract syntax?

expr : ...; atom : ID | INT | '(' expr ')';

Need to merge "expr" & "atom" Alternative needs to go entirely

Need to project

A transformation sequence

expr : ...; atom : ID | INT | '(' expr ')';

abstractize

expr : ...; atom : ID | INT | **expr**;

vertical

expr : ...; atom : ID; atom : INT; atom : expr; expr : ...; expr : ID; expr : INT;

abridge

expr : ...; **expr** : ID; **expr** : INT; **expr** : expr;

unite

XBGF Operator Suite

★ Semantics-preserving (refactoring) ♦ rename, introduce, eliminate ✦ fold, unfold, extract, inline ✦ factor, distribute, horizontal, vertical ♦ yaccify, devaccify, massage ✦ designate, unlabel

XBGF Operator Suite

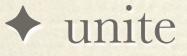
★ Semantics-increasing/-decreasing

♦ appear, disappear

♦ narrow, widen

✦ add, remove

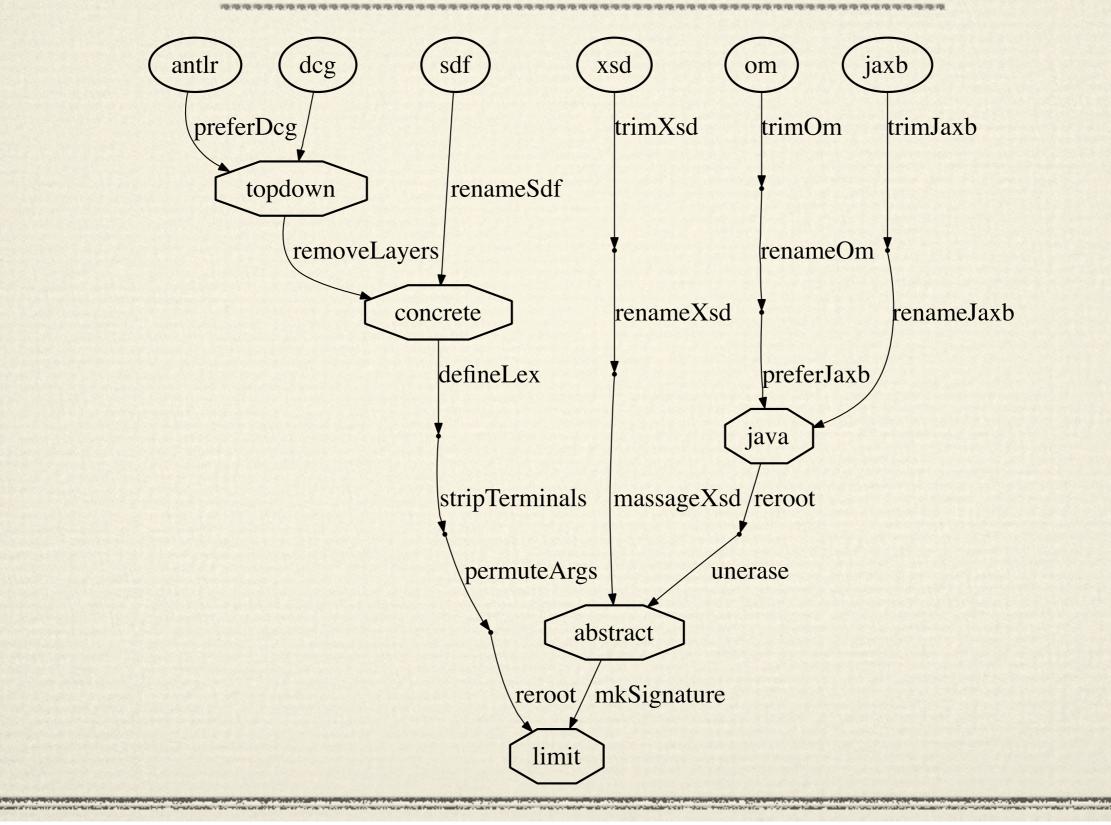
♦ upgrade, downgrade

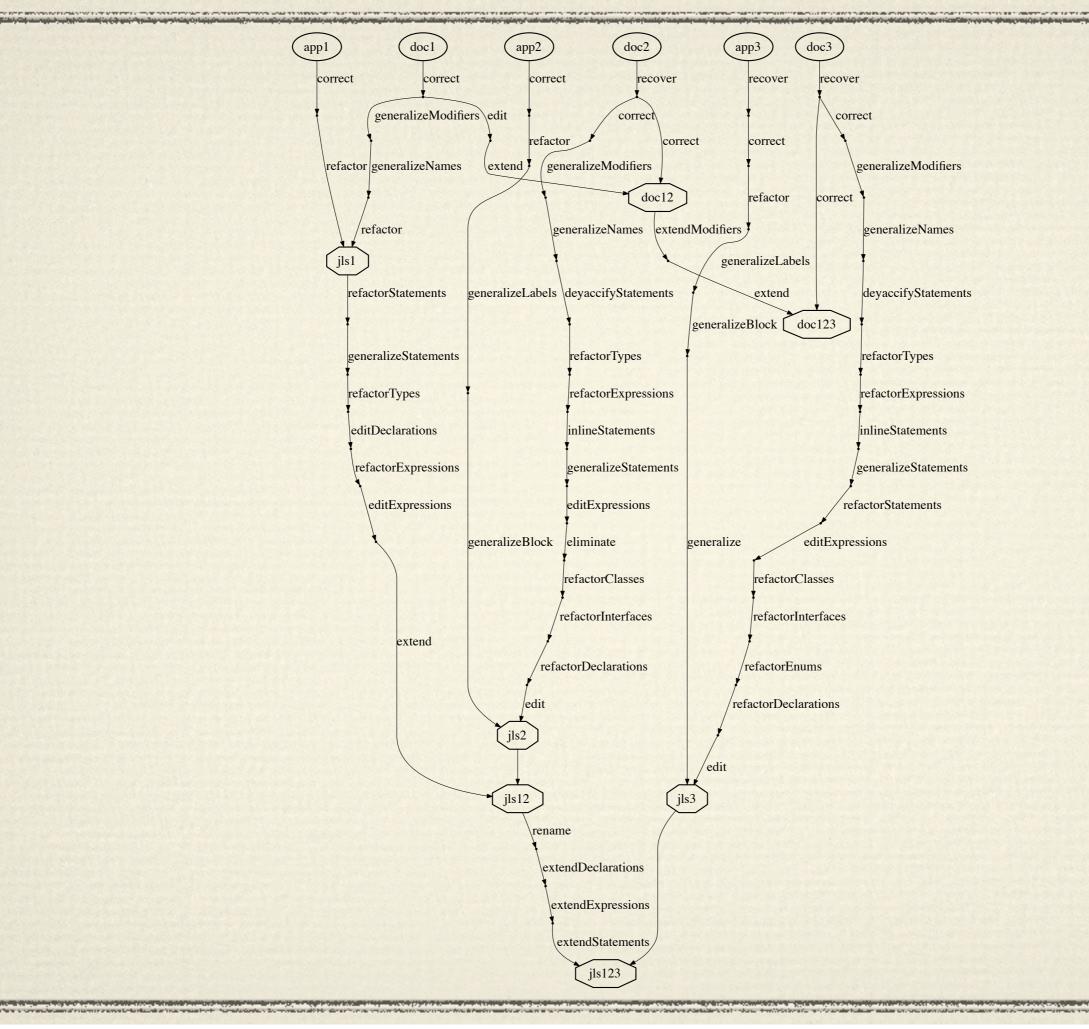


XBGF Operator Suite

Semantics-revising
undefine, define, redefine
inject, project, permute
abstractize, concretize
replace

A more detailed convergence tree





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Transformation statistics for JLS

	jls1	jls2	jls3	jls12	jls123	doc12	doc123	Total
Number of lines	600	4807	9469	4285	2934	1491	3072	26658
Number of transformations	62	367	538	287	120	70	133	1577
 semantics-preserving 	40	278	398	235	87	25	73	1136
 semantics-increasing or -decreasing 	22	78	127	50	32	38	56	403
 semantics-revising 		11	13	2	1	7	4	38
Number of issues	8	38	47	25	17	32	40	207
 recoveries 		7	8			7	4	26
 corrections 	5	22	22	2		10	7	68
• extensions				17	14	15	28	74
 optimizations 	3	9	17	6	3		1	39

manda's at all

Conclusion and future work

★ Synchronise scattered grammar knowledge **★** Further consolidation of operator suite ★ Co-transformation of parse-trees possible ★ Semi-automatic approach desirable \star Additional techniques for priorities ★ Alignment with metamodeling-based work

Thank you!

★ Questions?★ Comments?

★ Software Language Processing Suite is here: http://sourceforge.net/projects/slps/